403(b) PLAN CHECKLIST

This Checklist is *not* a complete description of all plan requirements, and should not be used as a substitute for a complete plan review

For Business Owner's Use
DO NOT SEND THIS WORKSHEET TO THE IRS

Every year it is important you review the requirements for operating your 403(b) retirement plan. This checklist is a "quick tool" to help you keep your plan in compliance with many of the important rules. For additional information concerning the operation of your 403(b) plan, refer to Publication 571 . This publication, along with other helpful resources, is available online at www.irs.gov/ep .	
1. Does your organization qualify as a public educational Yes No institution or as a charitable organization exempt from tax under IRC 501(c)(3)? (Only public educational institutions described in IRC 170(b)(1)(A)(ii), or 501(c)(3) organizations may establish a 403(b) plan.)	6. If your program allows for age 50+ catch-up contributions, were each of your employees age 50 and over informed of their right to make catch-up deferrals? (Allowable amount is \$4,000 for 2005. If offered, this option must be offered to all employees age 50+.)
2. Are all employees who normally work 20 hours or more Yes No per week given the opportunity to make a salary deferral? (Employers who fail this Universal Availability rule often misapply eligibility requirements, improperly excluding eligible employees.)	7. Does the IRC 403(b) Tax-Sheltered Annuity (TSA) contract or custodial account contain the nontransferability provisions, state the limits under IRC 402(g), and contain the direct rollover provisions of IRC 401(a)(31)?
3. Are salary deferrals limited, as required by law, to the amounts under IRC 402(g) in a calendar year? (Salary deferrals are limited to \$14,000 for 2005, \$15,000 for 2006, exclusive of any catch-up contributions.)	8. If your plan offers a 5-year post severance provision, are amounts contributed using a non-elective method? (Amounts contributed to an IRC 403(b) plan that an employee had an option of receiving in cash are considered elective deferrals and are not eligible for post-severance deferrals.)
4. Are the total employer and employee contributions Yes No limited so as not to exceed the IRC 415(c) limits? (Total of employee and employer contributions cannot exceed the lesser of \$42,000 for 2005, or 100% of includible compensation.)	9. Are vendors enforcing participant loan repayments and limiting aggregate loan amounts as required under IRC 72(p)? (Defaulted loans or loans in violation of IRC 72(p) may be deemed a taxable distribution and reported as income to the participant.) 10. Are vendors requiring documentation that hardship distributions meet the definitions and requirements for hardship found in the IRC 401(k) regulations?
5. If the IRC 402(g) "15 years of service catch-up" contributions Yes No are being made, does the employee have 15 years of full time service with the same employer? (Even if this requirement is met, a calculation must still be made to determine the level of entitlement.)	

If you answered "No" to any of the above questions, a mistake may have been made in the operation of your 403(b) plan. This list is only a guide to a more compliant plan, so answering yes to each question may not mean your plan is 100% compliant. Many mistakes can be corrected easily, without penalty and without notifying the IRS.

contact your benefits professional.

■ visit the IRS at <u>www.irs.gov/ep</u>

a call the IRS at (877)829-5500.